

Grid programming with components:
an advanced **COMP**onent platform
for an effective invisible grid

GridCOMP
Effective Components for the Grids



GCM component programming with ADL: *A Methodology using Grid IDE*

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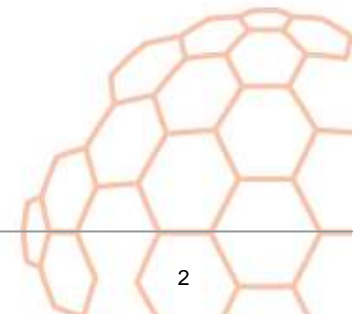
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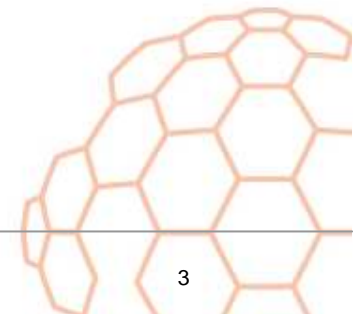
Outline

- Background
- Motivation
- GCM Reference Implementation
- Grid IDE – Strategy
- Grid IDE – Different Views
- Using GIDE – Illustrated with an example
- Legacy Code Wrapping
- Further Work and Conclusions



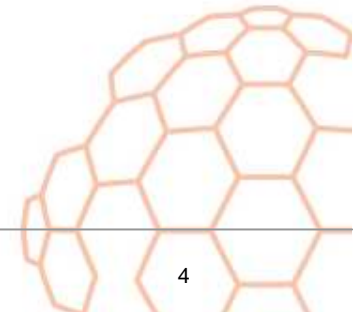
Background: Building Grid Applications

- Proprietary middleware (Globus 1.0, Legion, Unicore, ...)
 - Resources exposed through an API
 - Non interoperable !
- Object-based middleware
 - Resources exposed through distributed objects (Java, CORBA, etc.)
 - Some interoperability issues with the communication protocols (CORBA IIOP)
 - Not anymore at the top of the hype !
- Service-based middleware
 - Resources exposed through services
 - Strong support from the Industry
 - At the top of the hype !
 - Need some extensions (stateful Web services)



Motivation

- “Grid Everywhere” and Pervasive Computing strategies demand truly dynamic software infrastructures.
- Developing Grid Applications with GCM-specific programming model requires an intuitive form of assistance
- Under GCM model, applications are considered as compositions of components
- An integrated development environment to facilitate development/composition, deployment and monitoring is essential
- GridCOMP Grid IDE (GIDE) extends the capabilities of Eclipse to support GCM-based development.

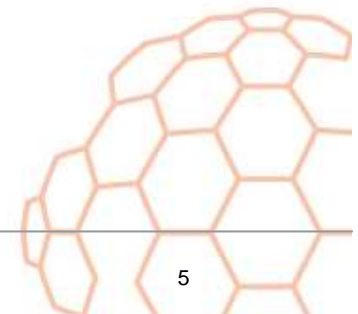


One of the Main Research Challenges for Future Grids

To develop the software design and development methodology of a generic component-based Grid platform for both applications and tools/systems to have a single, seamless, “invisible” Grid software services infrastructure.

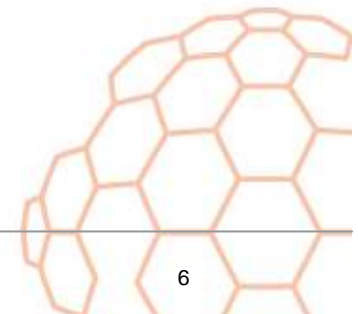
Possible Solution:

Grid Component Model (GCM)



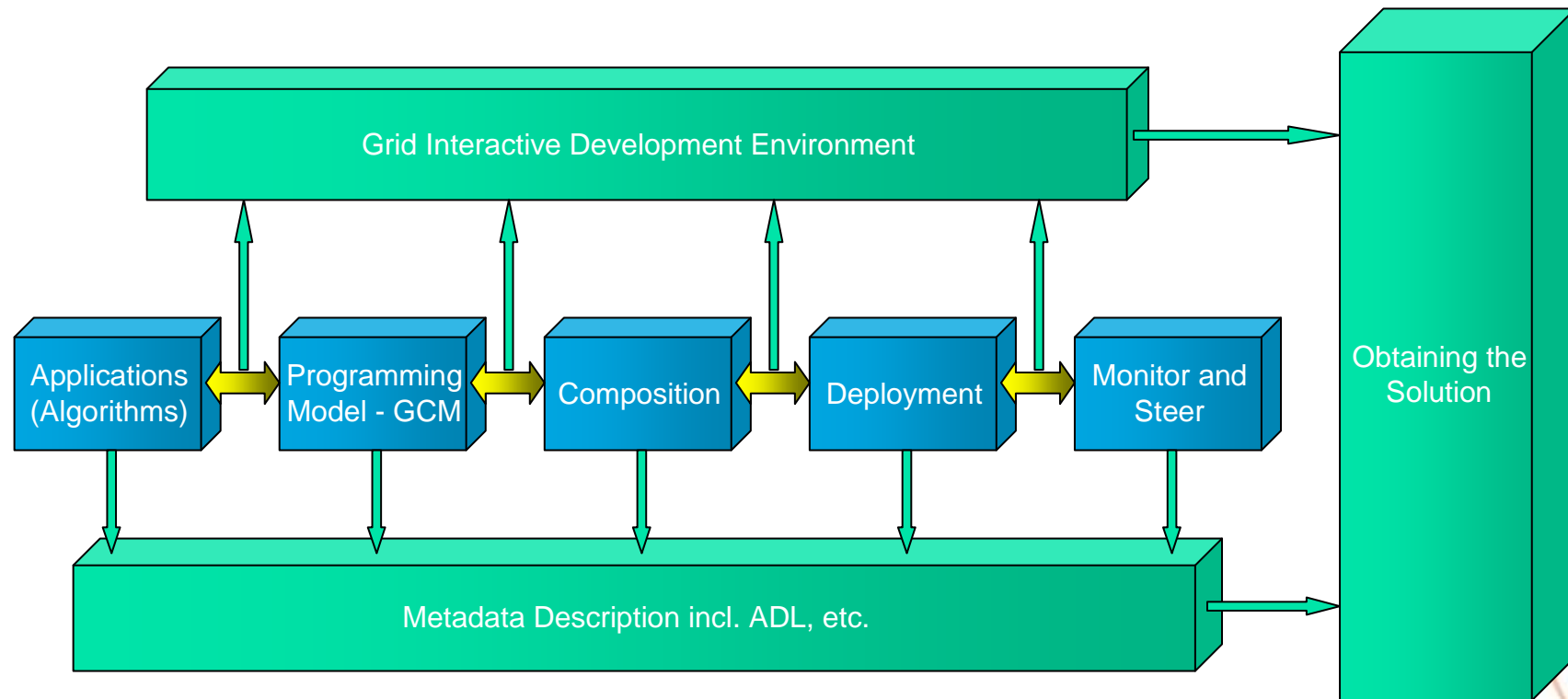
GCM Reference Implementation

- **1 - Primitive Component Programming**
- **2 - Legacy Code Wrapping, Interoperability**
- **3 - Composition and Composites, Deployment**
- **4 – Autonomic features**
- **5 – IDE for GCM (Composition GUI, etc.)**



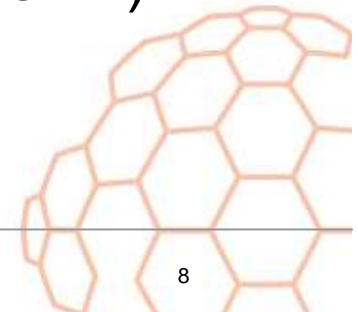
GridCOMP: Component-Centric Problem-to-Solution Pipeline

- Main issues: composition and dynamic properties – deployment, monitoring and steering

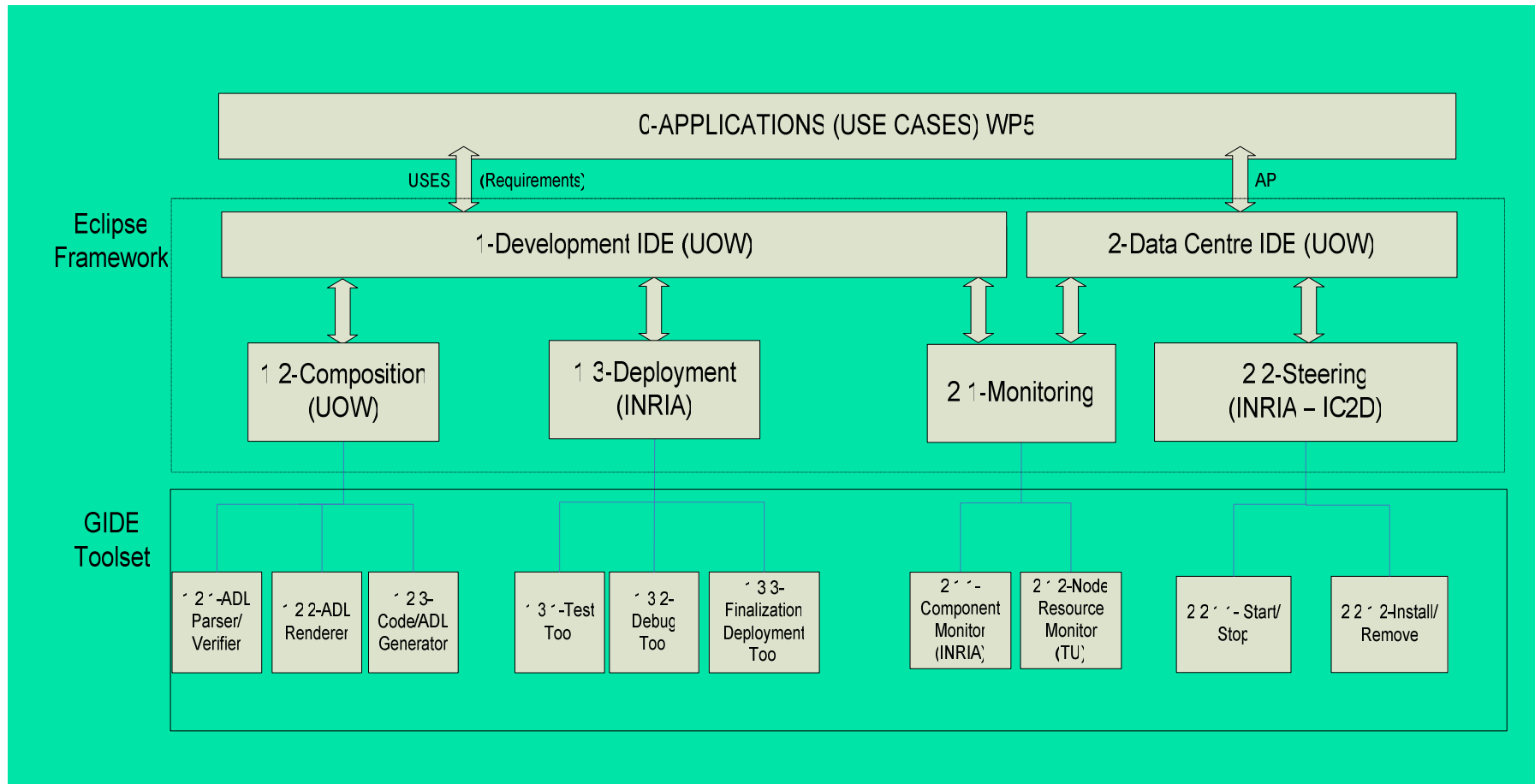


Strategy: Eclipse Framework for GIDE

- Simplify complexity through graphical composition/tools.
- **But, allowing ONLY graphical composition can be inflexible and inefficient.**
- Support for 3 levels of Development.
 - Graphical Composition.
 - Based on GCM and Proactive.
 - Java.
- Seamless integration with Eclipse.
 - Widely supported. Many existing plugins (IC2D).
- “Lets not restrict developers.”

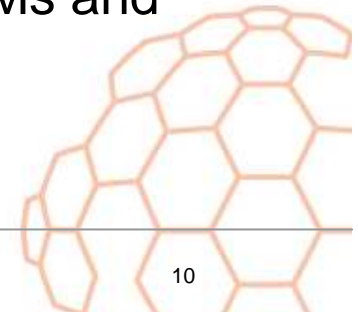


Grid IDE Core Block Diagram



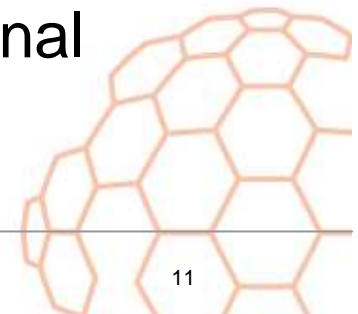
Development Environment Design

- Composition Perspective
 - Graphical but also allow code editing.
- Deployment Perspective.
 - Drag/drop to scheduler.
 - Launch/Stop through right click actions.
- Resource Monitoring Perspective.
 - Host View
 - Resource List View.
- Component Monitoring/Steering Perspective.
 - Graphical display of Component status.
 - Relocation via drag/drop
 - IC2D already does graphical monitoring of hosts, JVMs and Active Objects.



GIDE – An Insight into composition

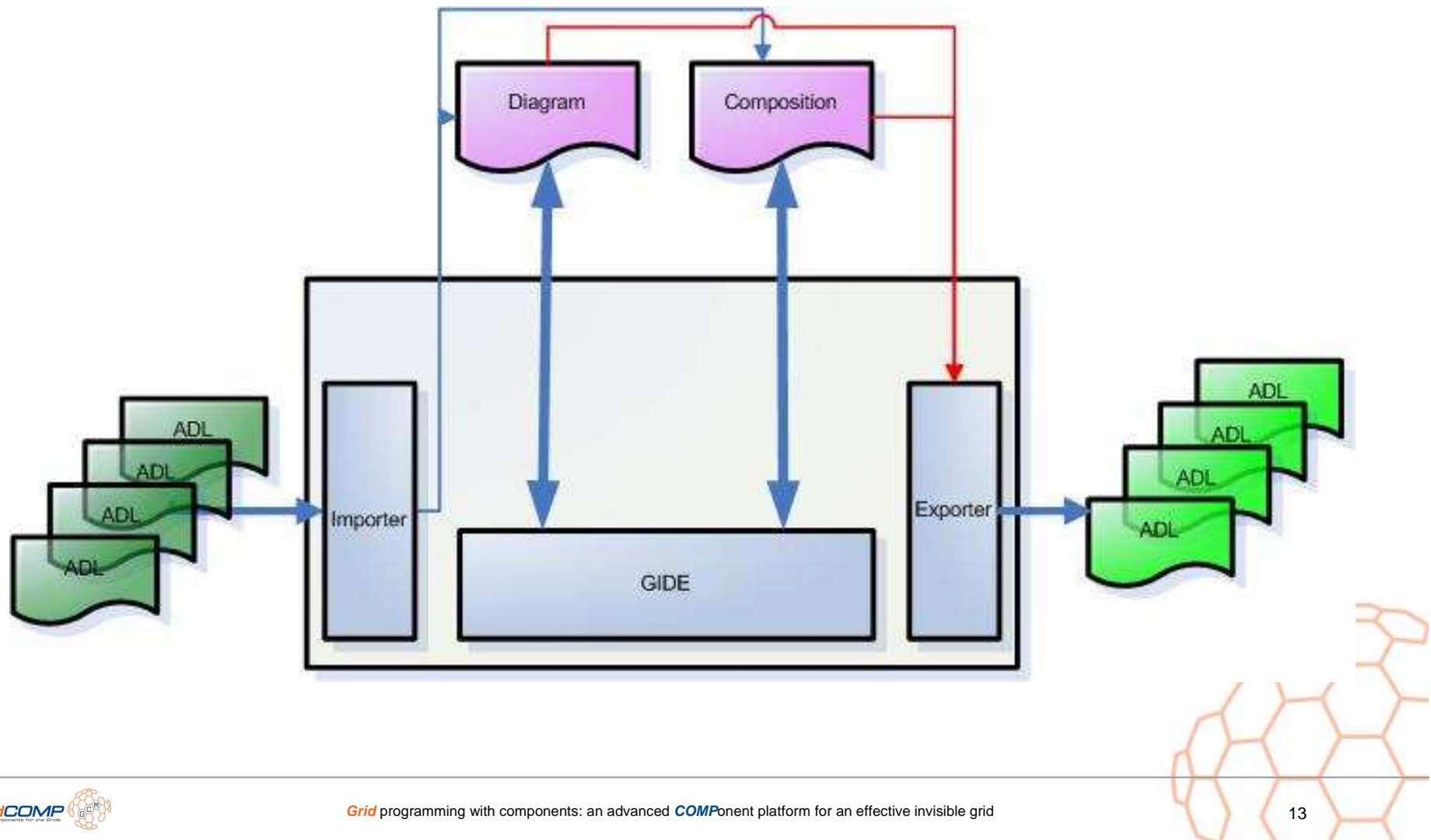
- GIDE builds on GMF for providing graphical front-end
- The IDE includes
 - Built-in ADL parser
 - Verifier
 - Diagram-generator
 - Semantic-Generator
 - ADL-exporter
- ADL files are verified, parsed and then appropriate internal representations of compositions (semantic representation) and diagrams are generated.
- GIDE delegates the user-interactions to these internal representations



Domain model

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
- <xsd:schema targetNamespace="http://perun.hscs.wmin.ac.uk/GridCOMP/gidecomposition"
  xmlns:gidecomposition="http://perun.hscs.wmin.ac.uk/GridCOMP/gidecomposition"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:ecore="http://www.eclipse.org/emf/2002/Ecore">
  <xsd:element name="Component" type="gidecomposition:Component" />
- <xsd:complexType name="Interface">
  <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="Id" type="xsd:unsignedShort" use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="Type" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="Cardinality" type="gidecomposition:CardinalityType" use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="CardinalityIn" type="xsd:unsignedByte" use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="CardinalityOut" type="xsd:unsignedByte" use="required" />
</xsd:complexType>
- <xsd:complexType name="Component">
- <xsd:sequence>
  <xsd:element name="Interfaces" type="gidecomposition:Interface"
    maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  <xsd:element ref="gidecomposition:Component" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  <xsd:element name="Connections" type="gidecomposition:ConnectionType"
    maxOccurs="unbounded" />
</xsd:sequence>
  <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="Id" type="xsd:unsignedShort" use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="LastModified" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
```

GIDE – An Insight in to composition ...

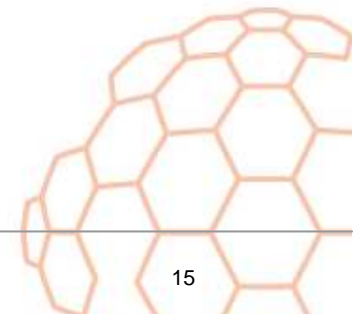


Data Centre Environment

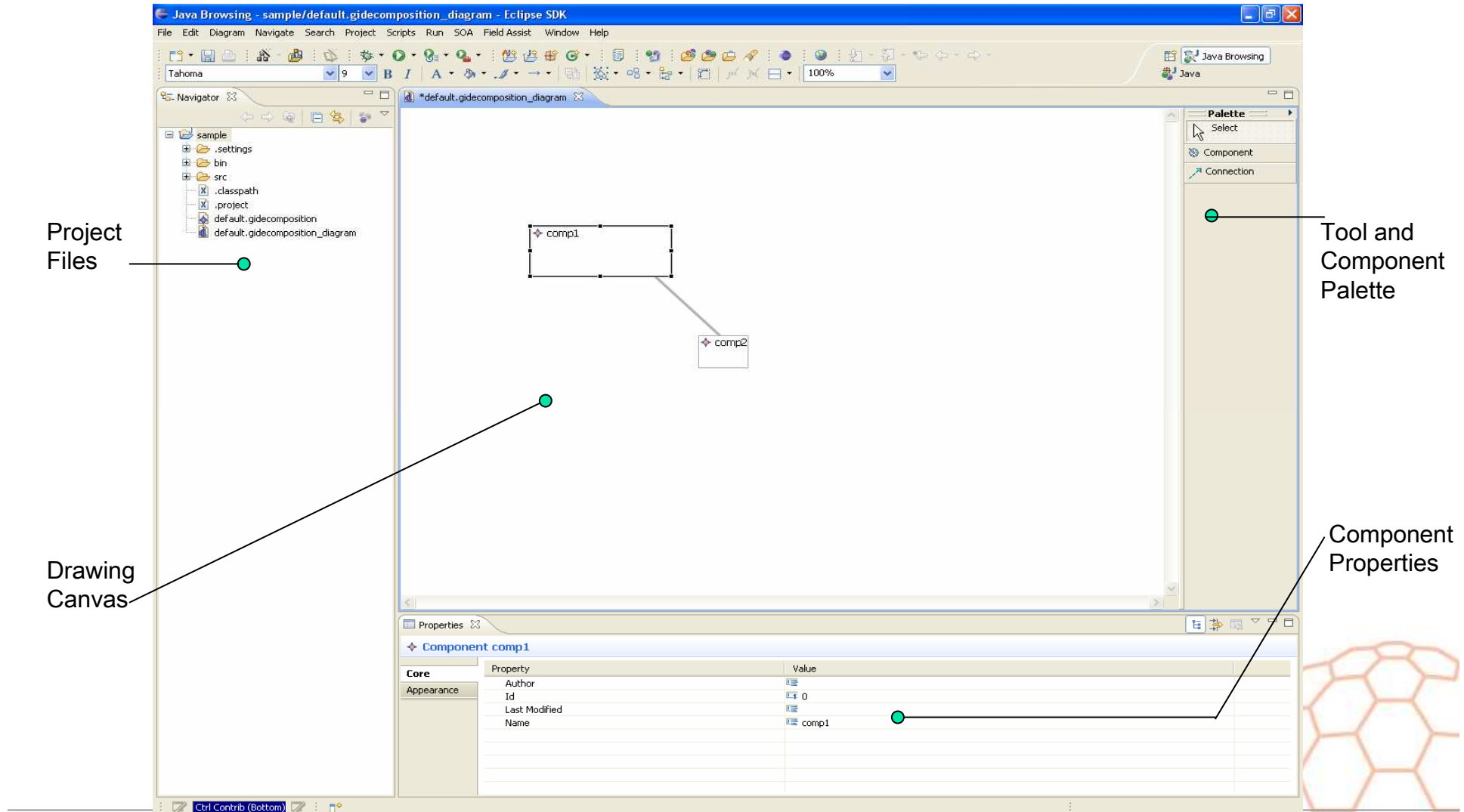
- Separate RCP application.
- Clear and fixed functional views.
 - Deploy
 - Resource Monitor
 - Component Monitor and Steer
- Restrict personalisation.
 - Data Centres have high rates of turnover.
 - High demand means generally low expertise.
- “Lets protect operators from the details.”

Composition – An example

- This example builds on Use-Case 5
- The use-case include three components – two primitives and one composite
- The composition is expressed as an ADL file
- The tutorial will illustrate the general usage and then how we could import compositions from ADL files
- This is based on current version – whose features are evolving



User Interface of the Composition Editor



Project Files

Drawing Canvas

Tool and Component Palette

Component Properties

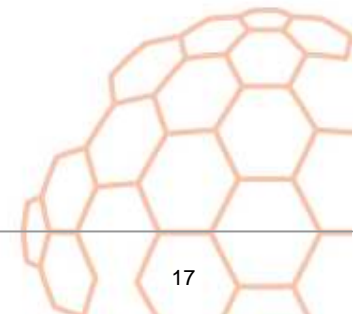
Import and Editing Views

The screenshot displays two windows from the Eclipse IDE. The left window shows the 'File Import Wizard' dialog, which is used to import an ADL file into the workspace. The dialog includes a 'Select File' field with a 'Browse...' button, a tree view of the project structure (sample, settings, bin, src, .classpath, .project), and a 'New File Name' field containing 'CompAlgControl.fractal'. The right window shows the XML editor for the file 'CompAlgControl.fractal'. The XML content is as follows:

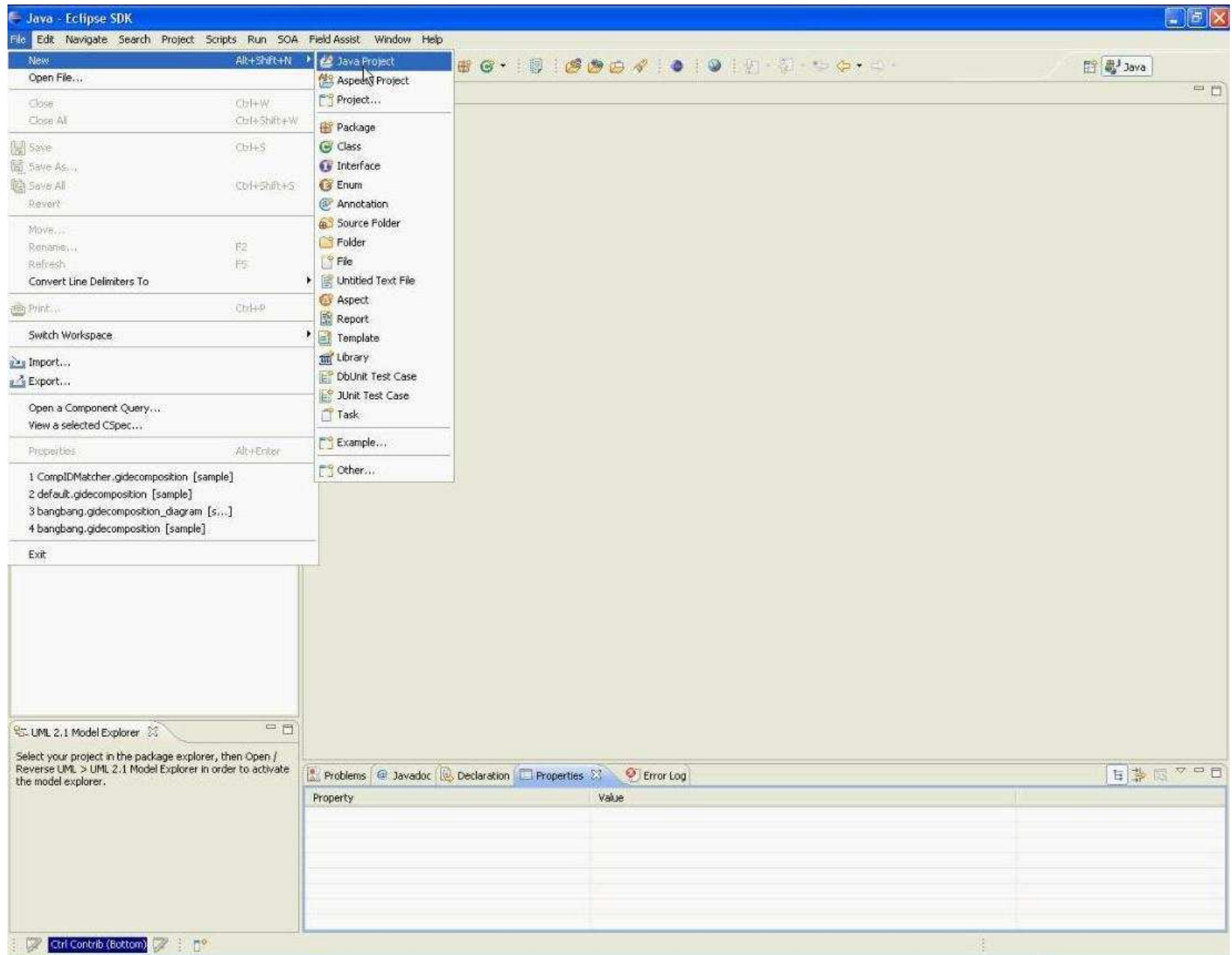
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1" ?>
<definition name="com.ibm.bis.CompAlgControl">
  <interface name="idServer" role="server" signature="com.ibm.bis.CompIDMatcherServer"/>
  <interface name="controlServer" role="server" signature="com.ibm.bis.CompAlgClient"/>
  <interface name="client" role="client" signature="com.ibm.bis.CompAlgControlClient"/>
  <content class="com.ibm.bis.CompAlgControl1"/>
  <virtual-node name="BIS-Grid" cardinality="single"/>
</definition>
```

Below the XML editor, the Properties view shows the following details for the file:

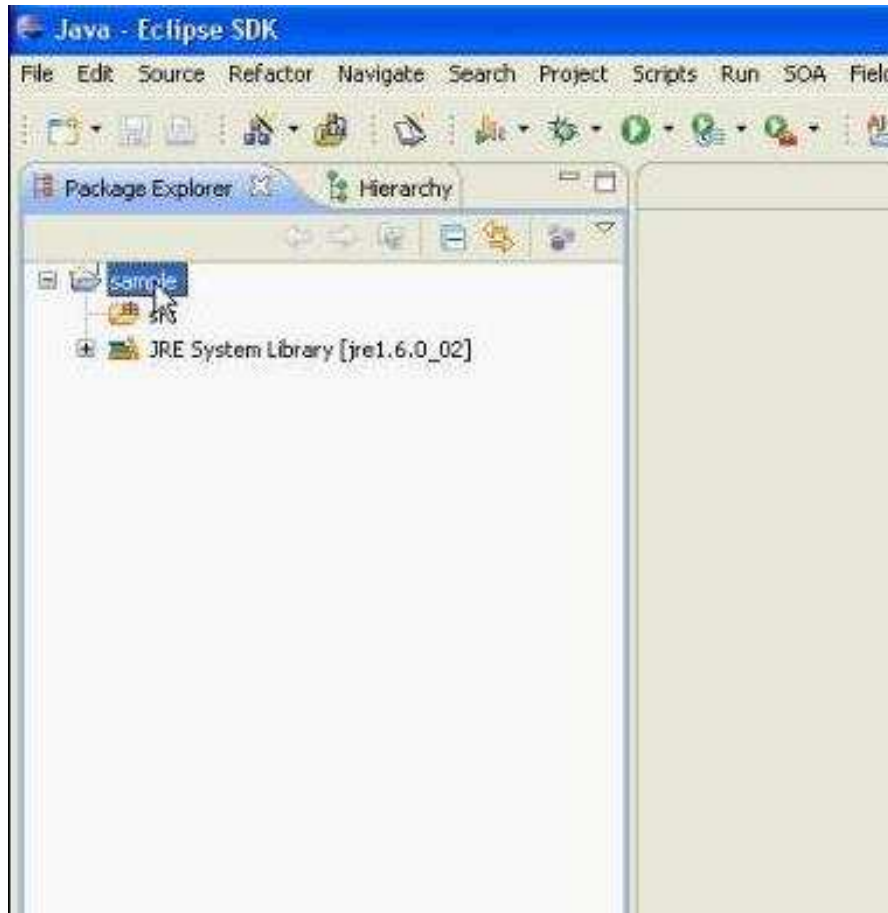
Property	Value
derived	false
editable	true
last modified	26 October 2007 11:33:25
linked	false
location	D:\work\research\Eclipse\workspace\runtime-EclipseApplication\sample\CompAlgControl.fractal
name	CompAlgControl.fractal
path	/sample/CompAlgControl.fractal
size	482 bytes



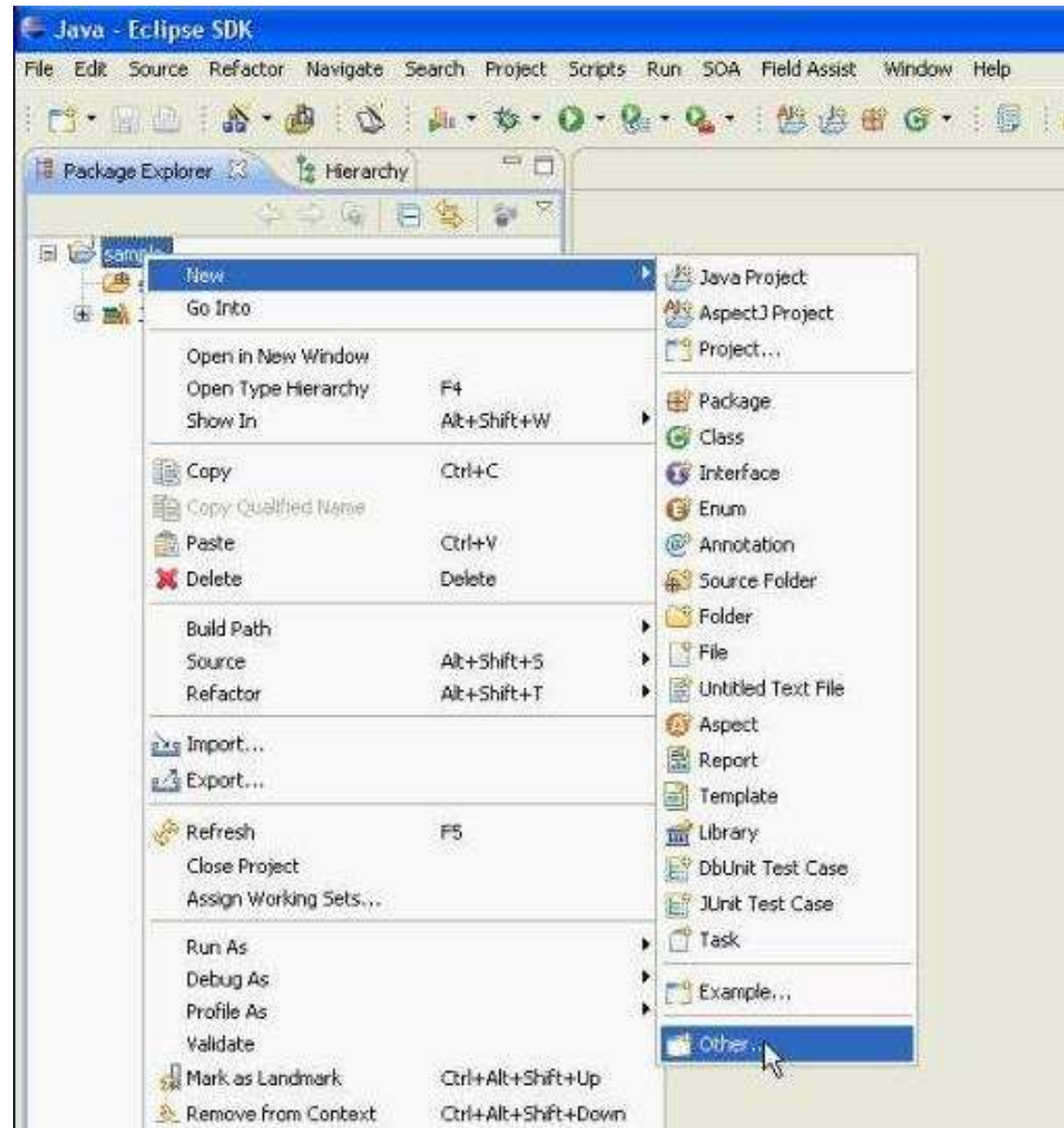
- Create a new Java Project to start with.

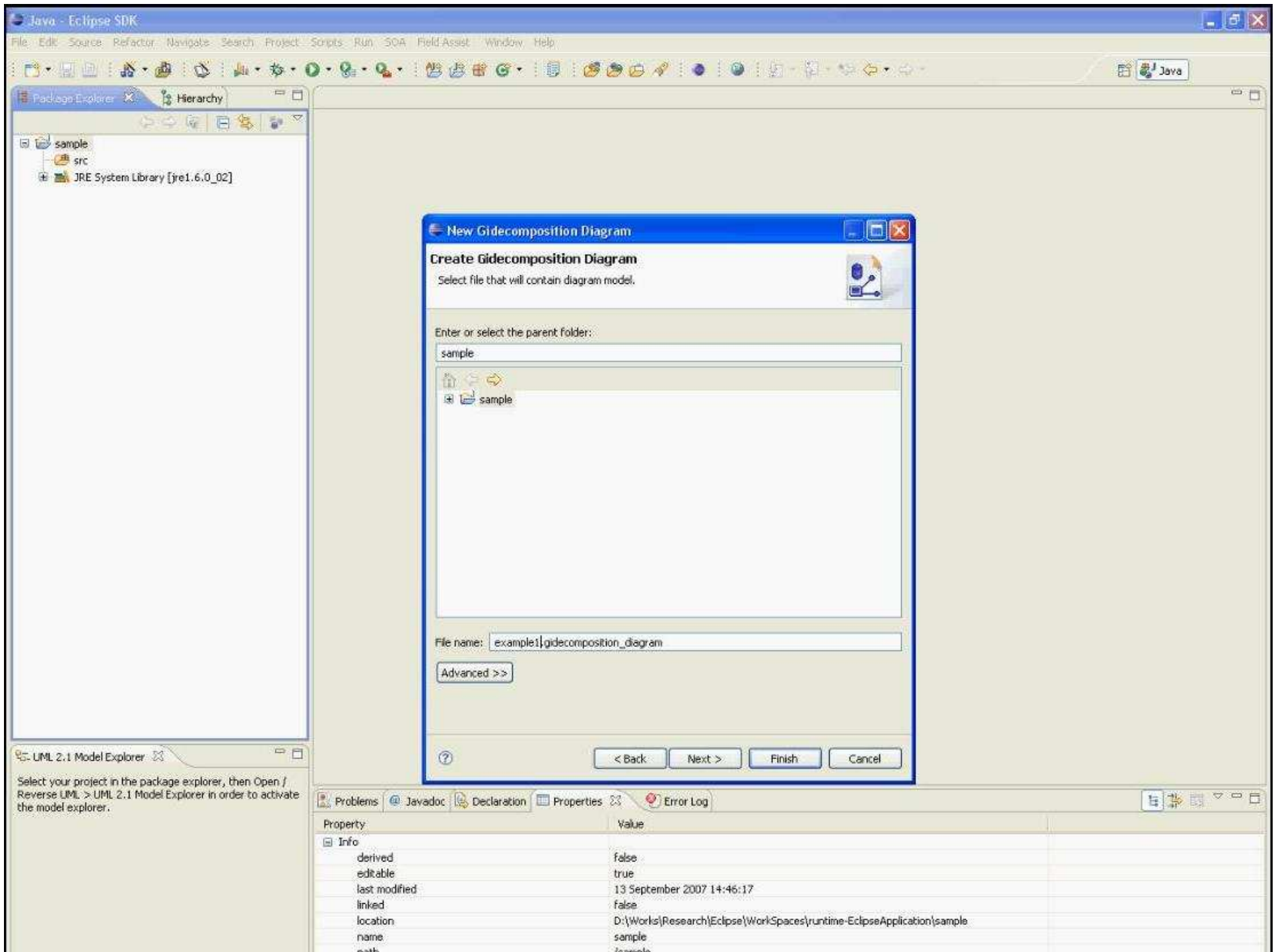


This should bring-in the necessary files to the project

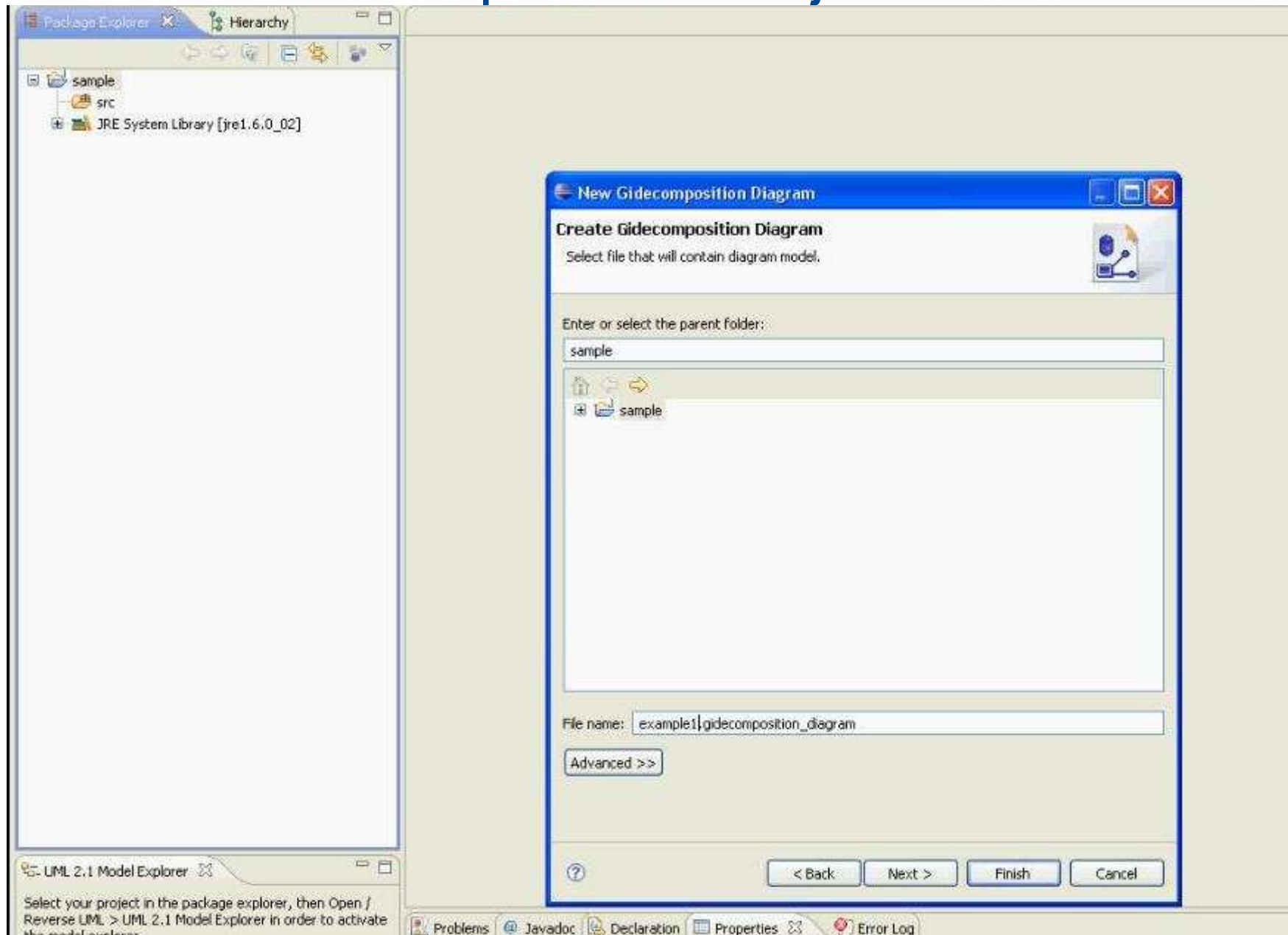


- Now create an “Other Project” – GIDE-Composition

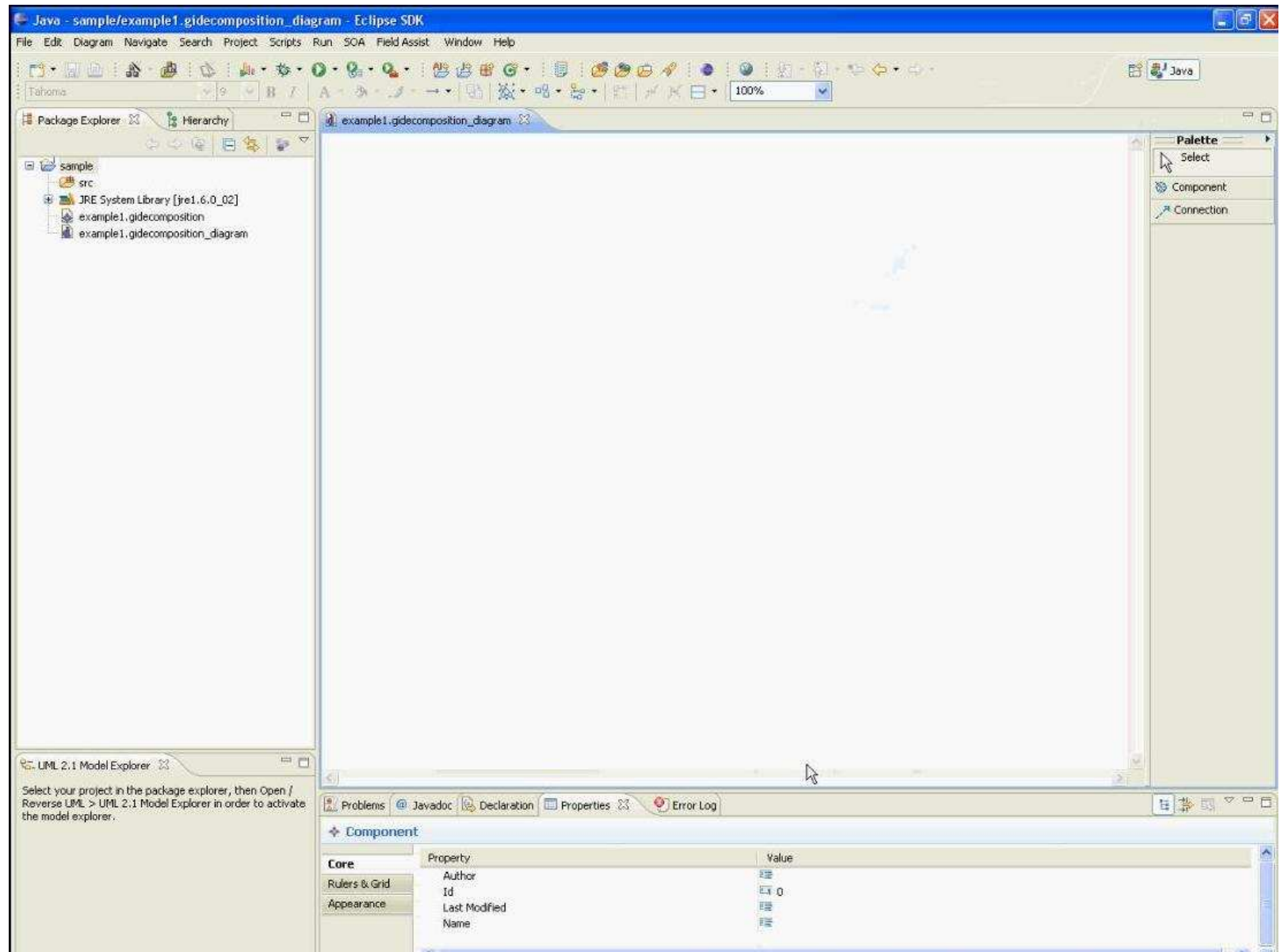




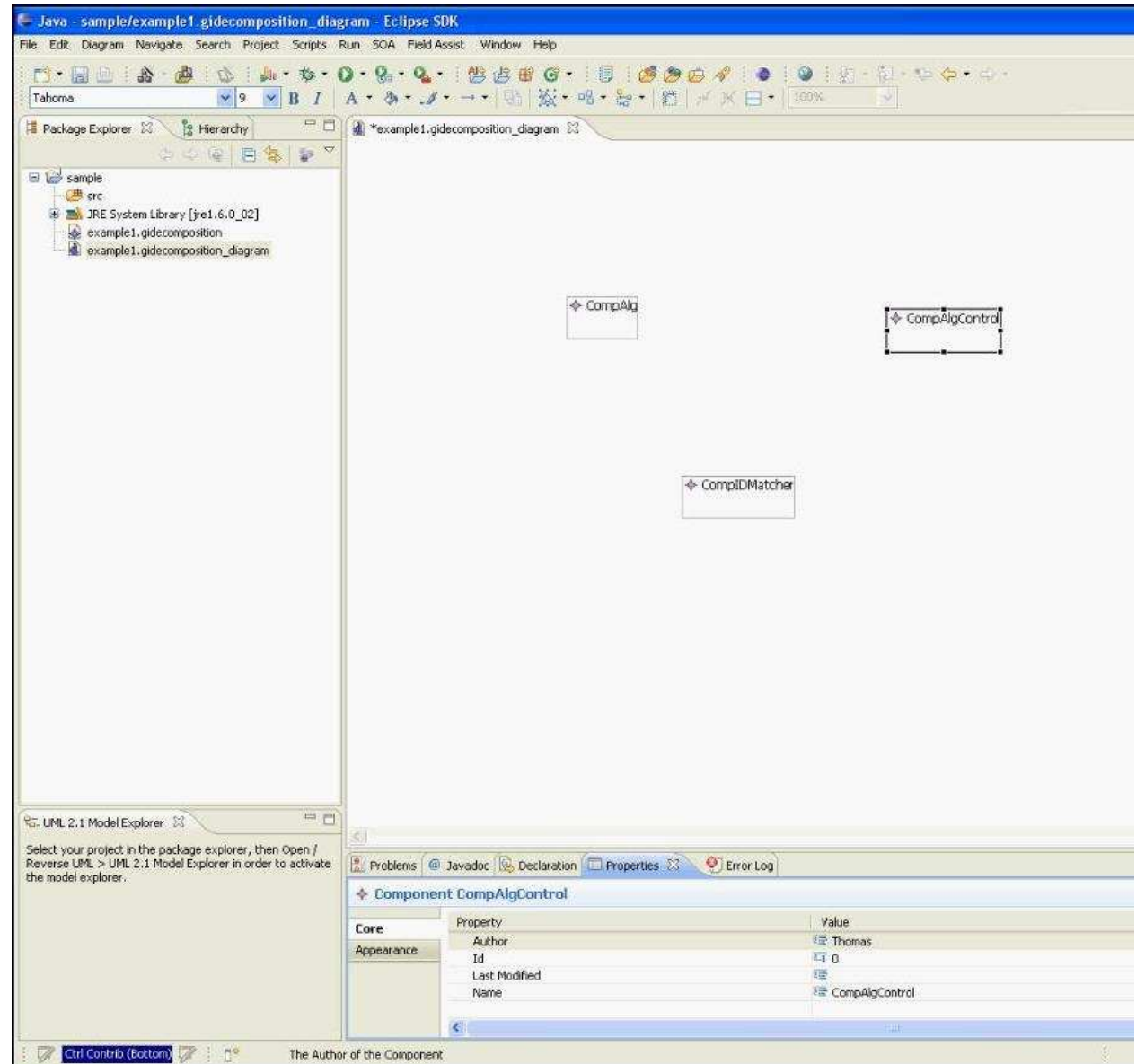
- Name the Composition Project



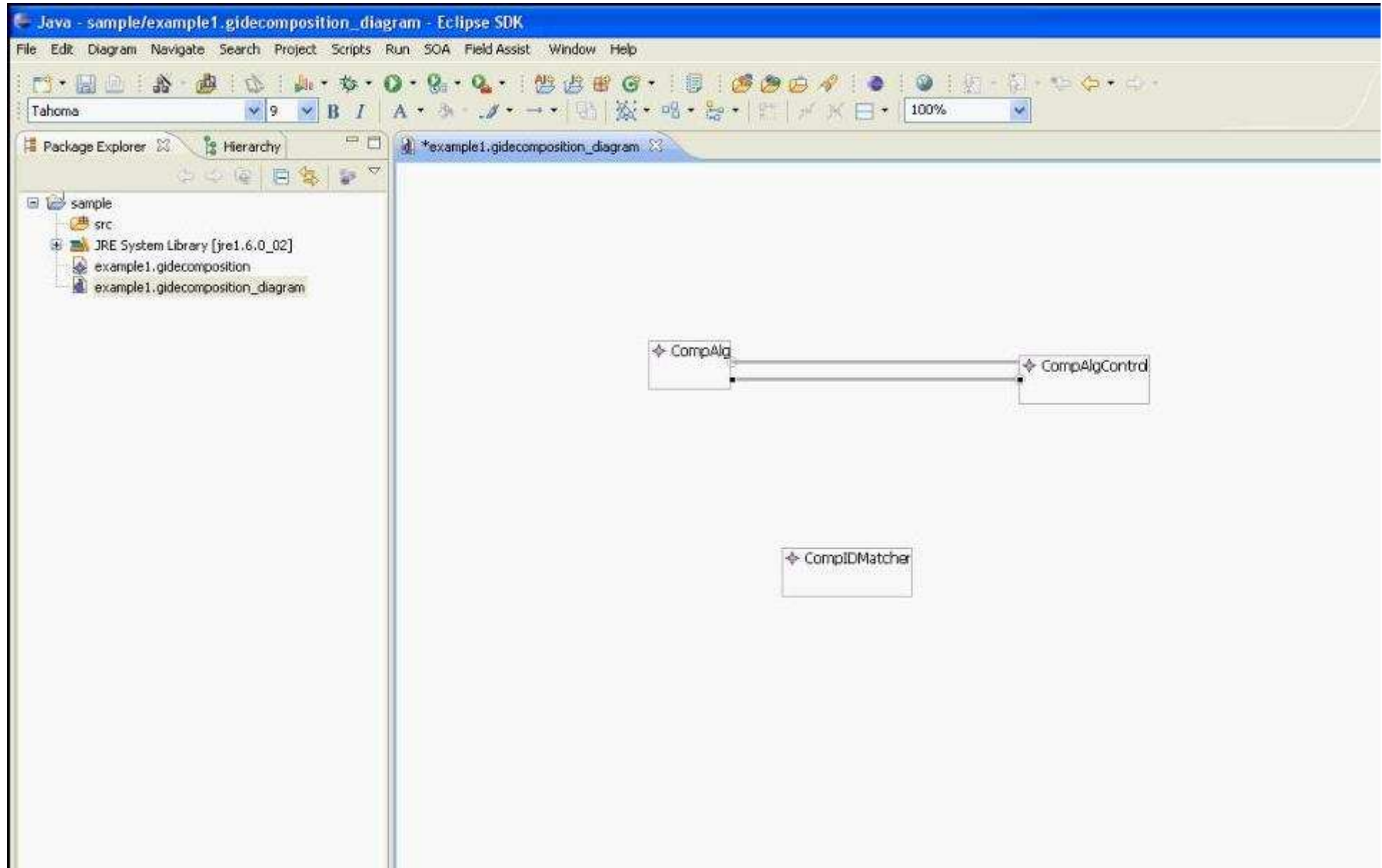
- This should create two files (semantic and diagram)
- Should bring the canvas for composition



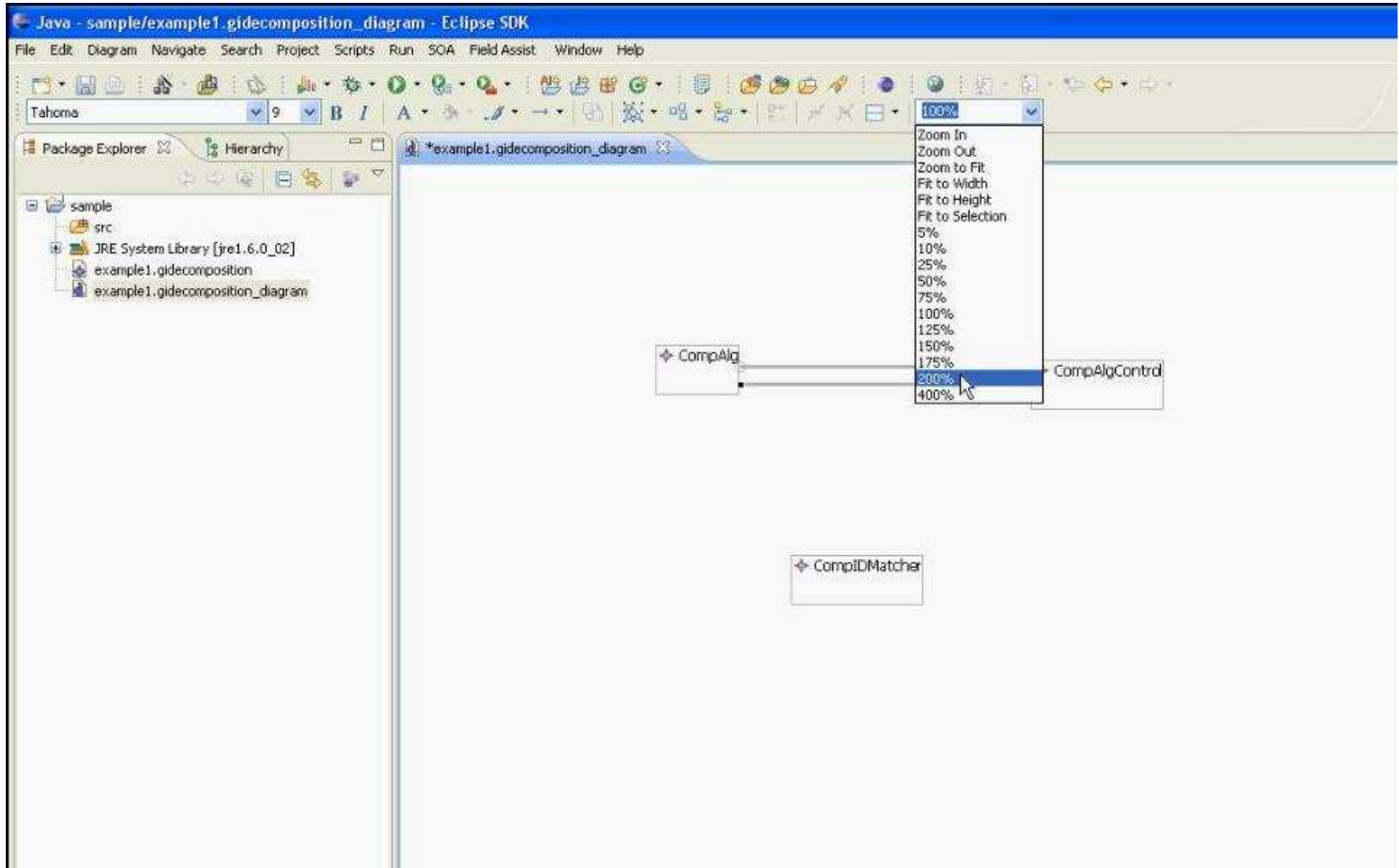
- Drag and drop component from toolbox
- Change properties



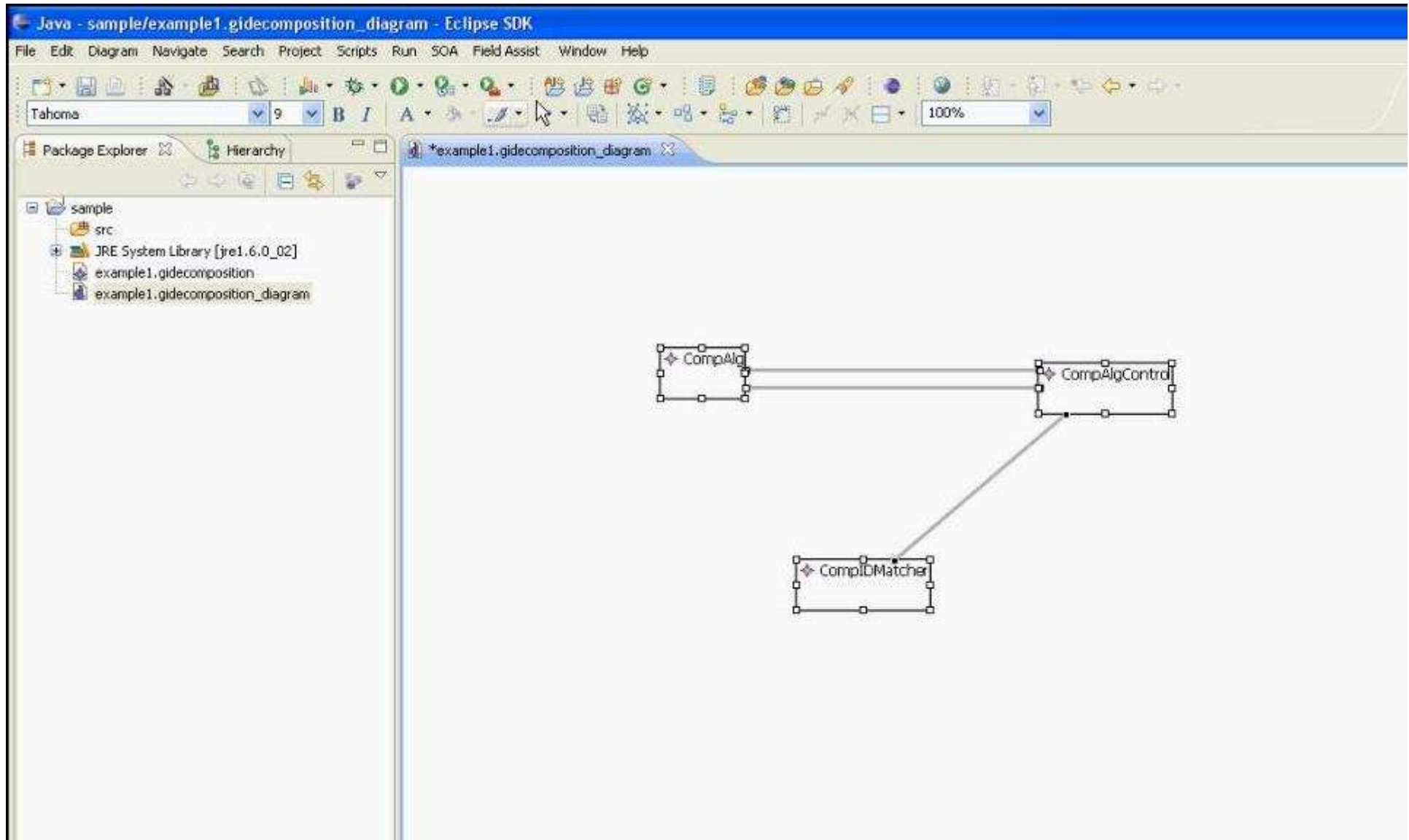
- Create a connection between them by using the link tool



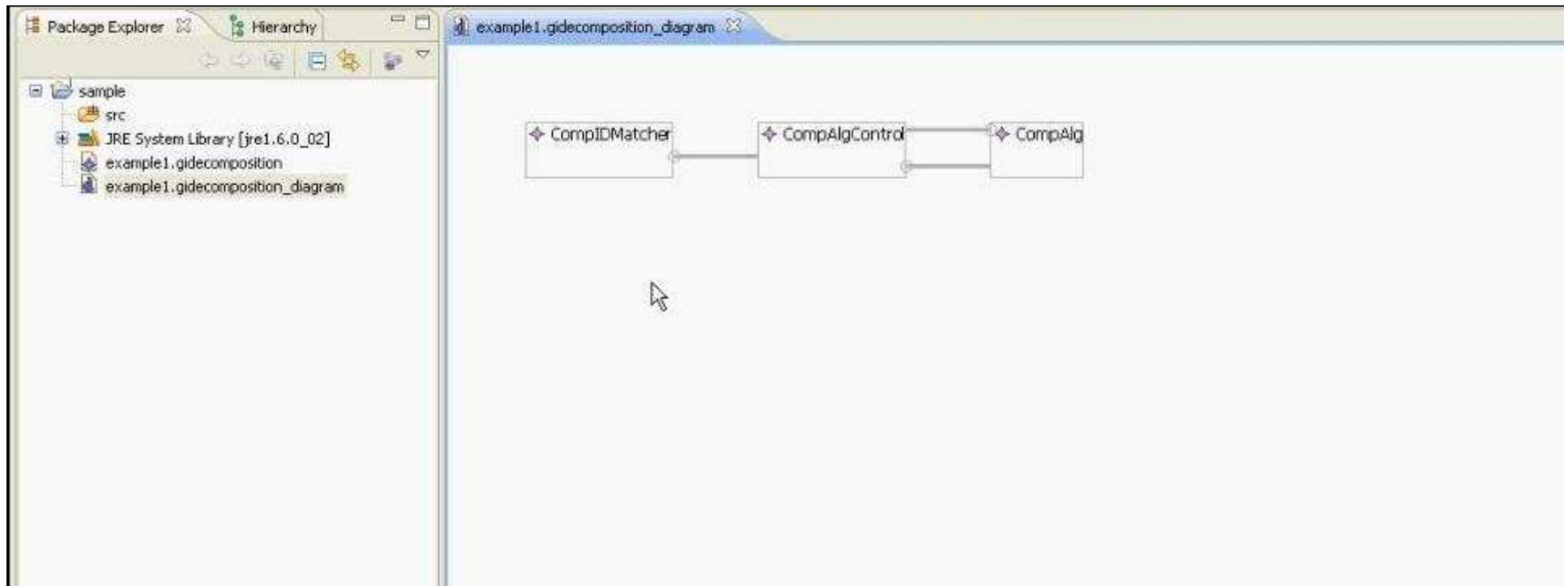
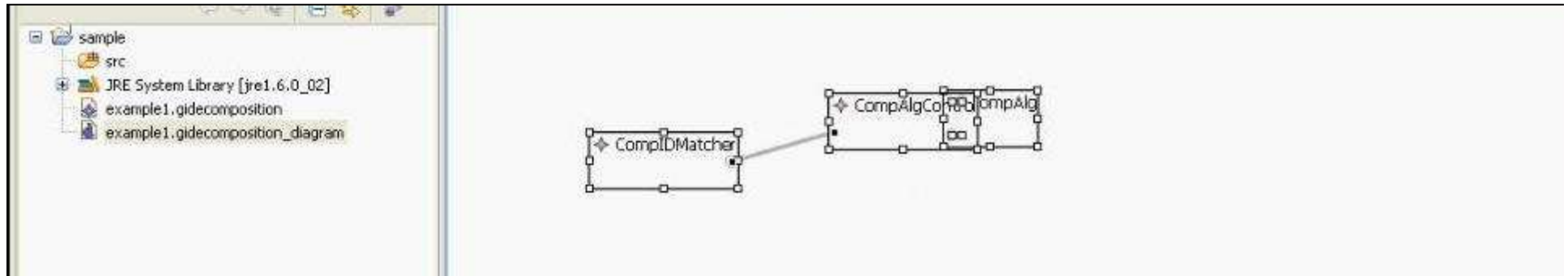
- Zoom in, if necessary



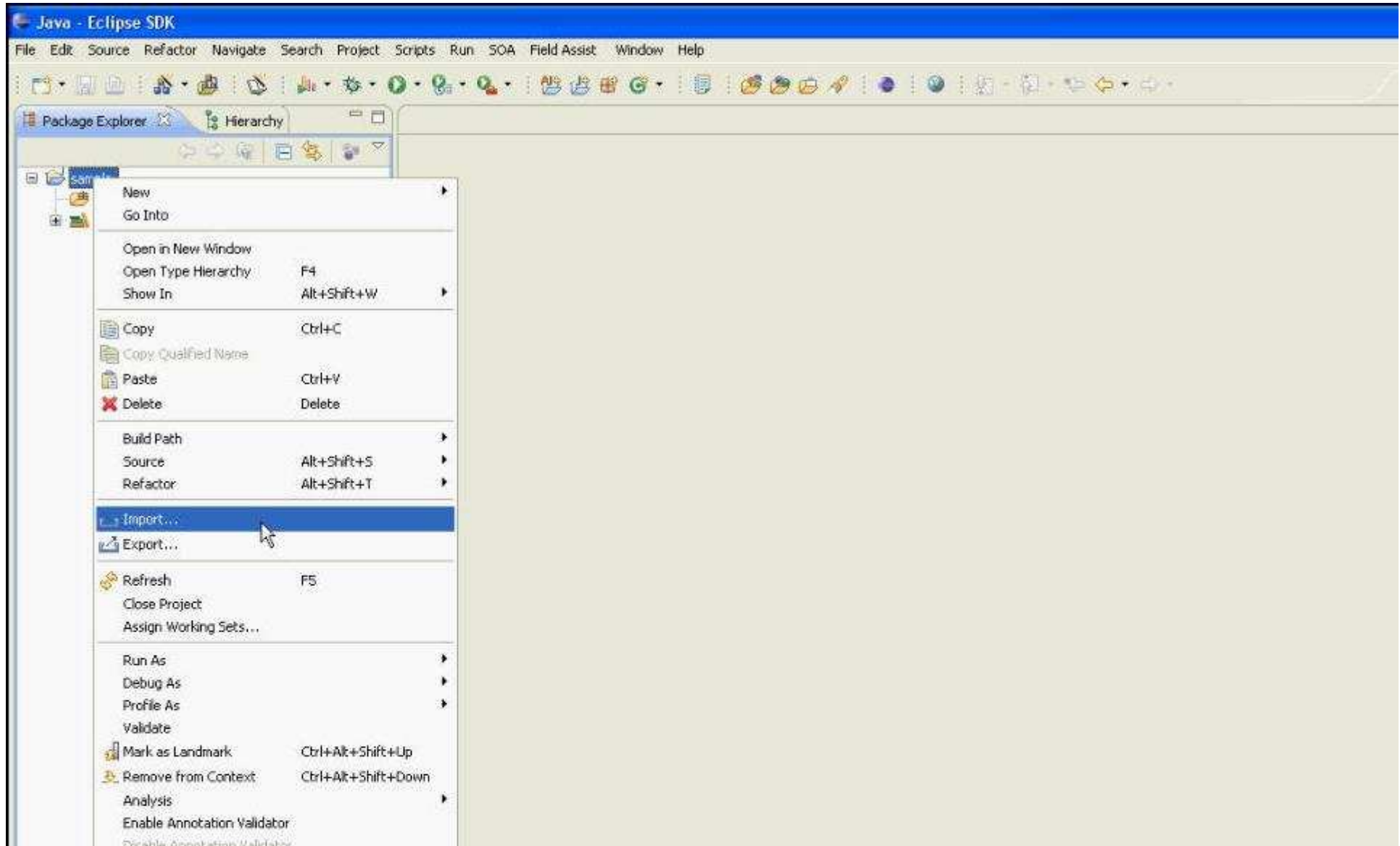
- Once created, select and arrange them for better layout



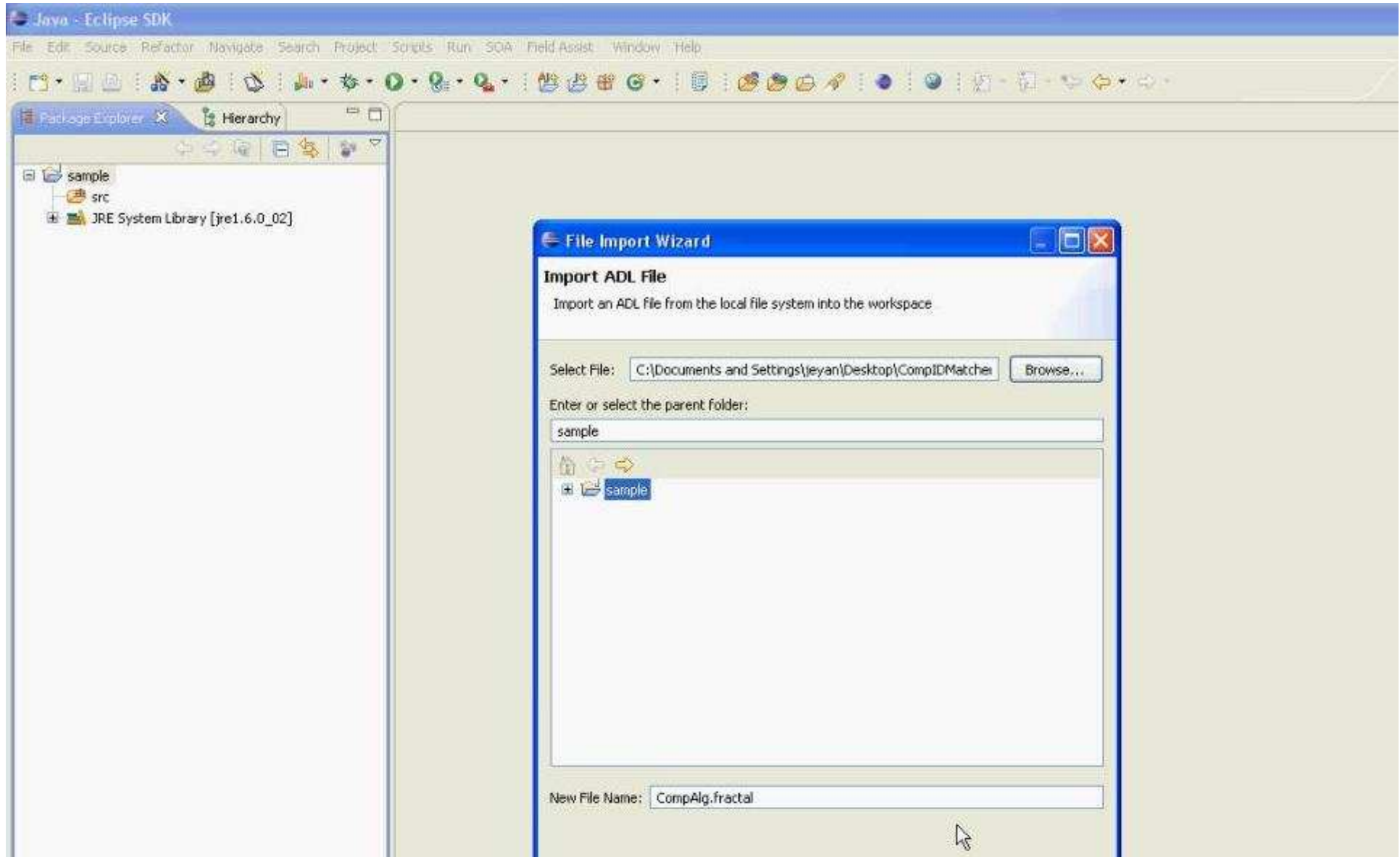
The auto-arrangement is done by GMF-backend



- To Import ADL Files, select Import from the file Menu and select the file for import.



- Select the project space to import into



The file will be imported along with the semantic/diagram files

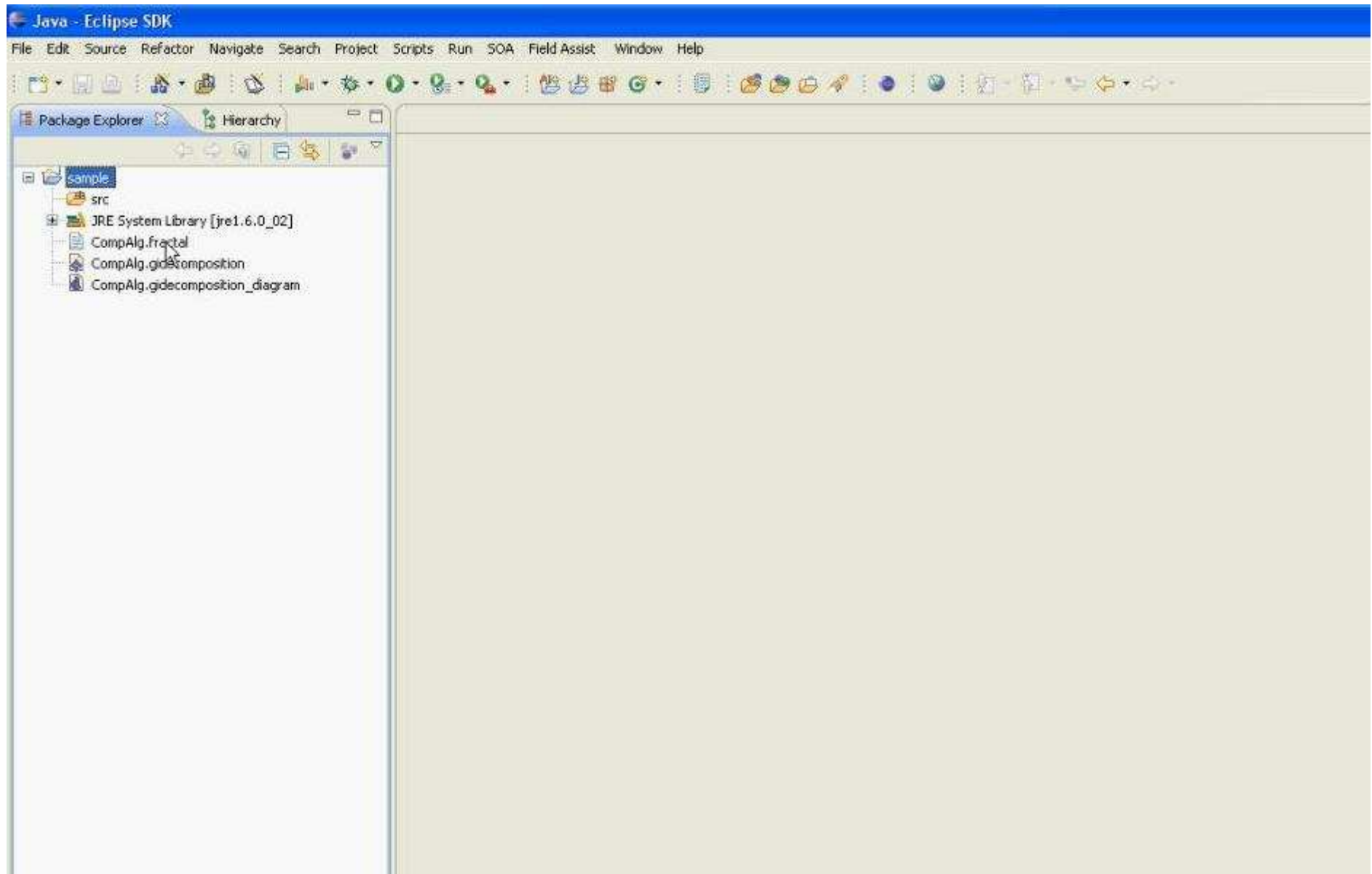
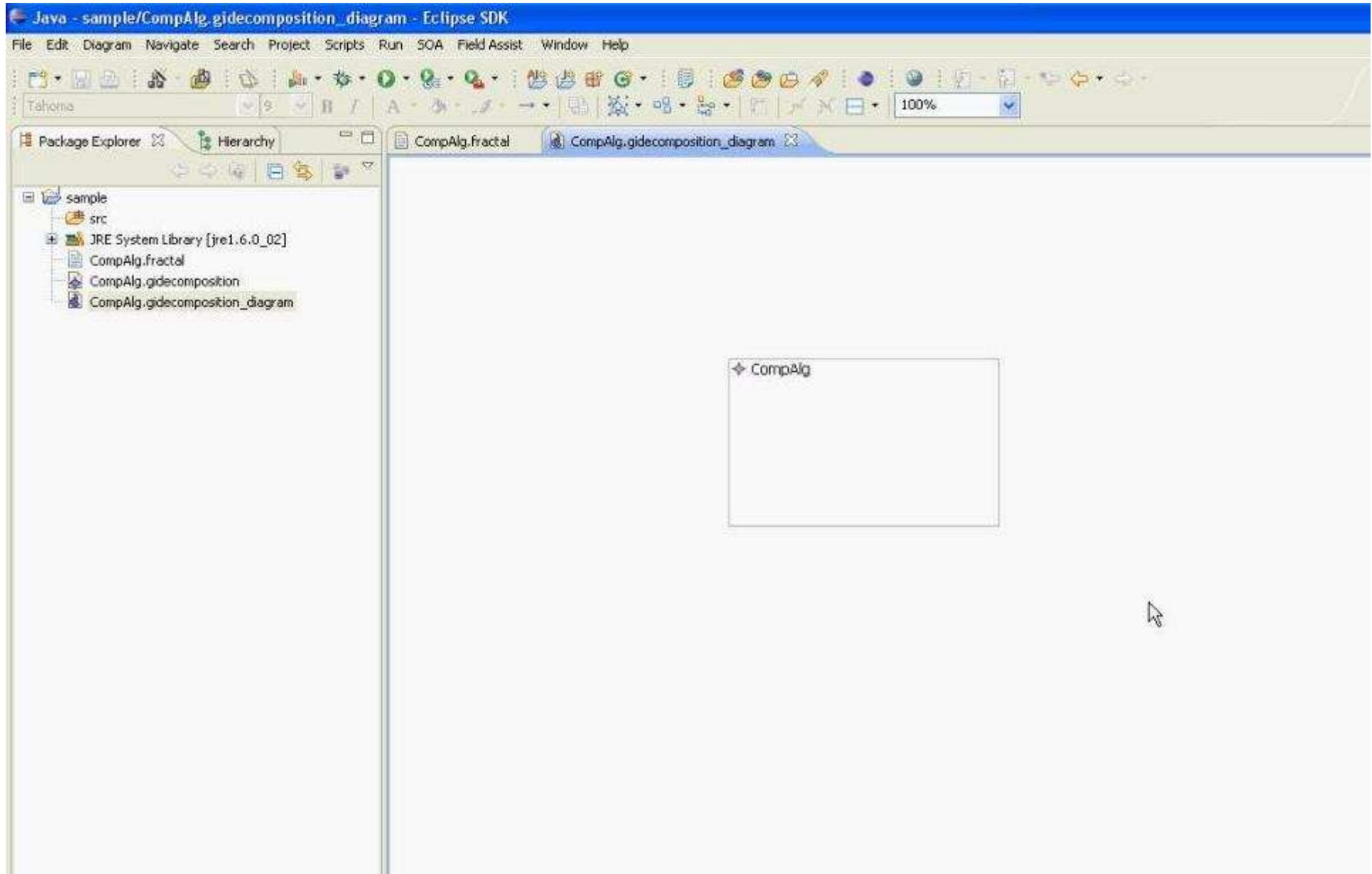
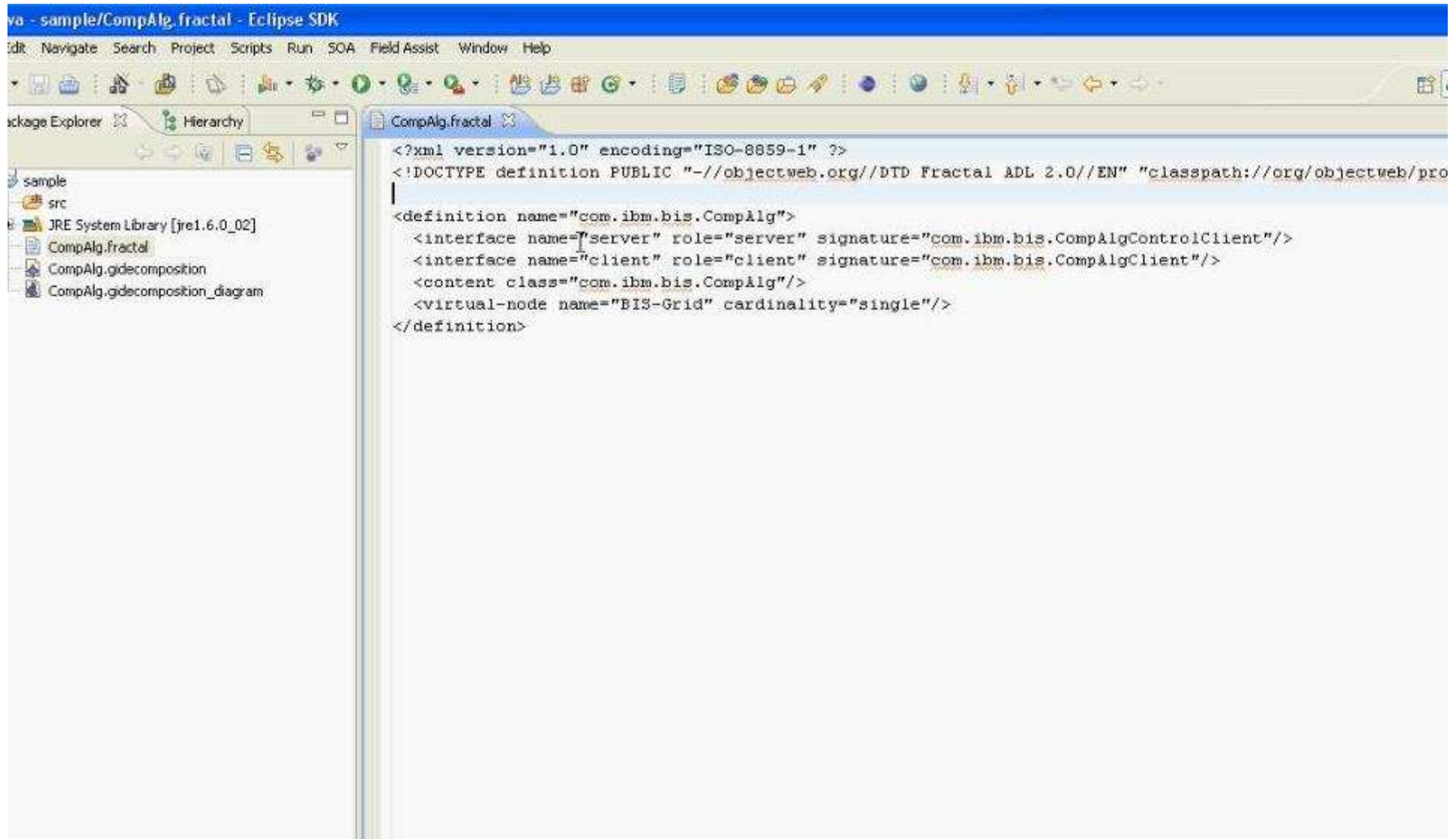


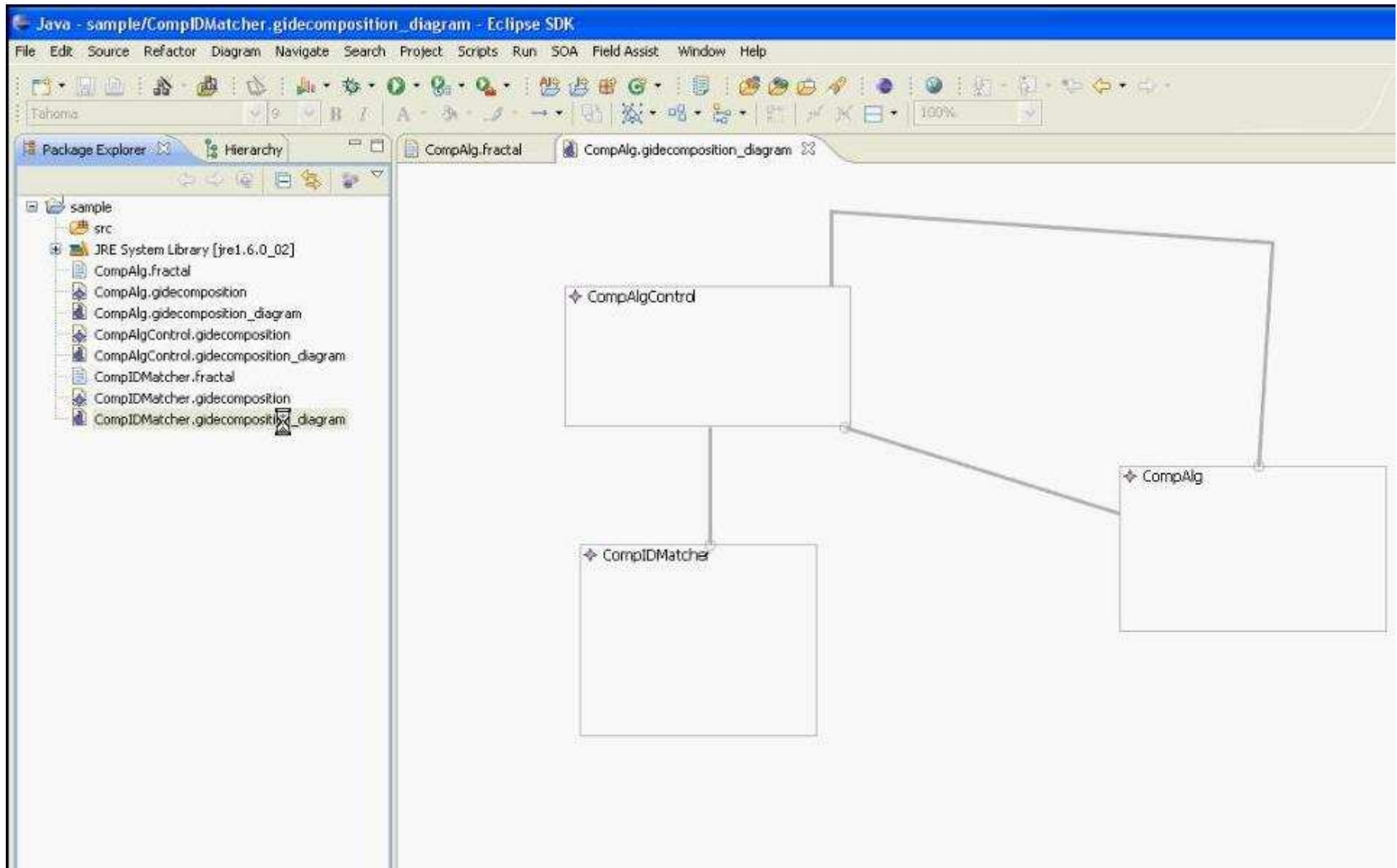
Diagram will be rendered automatically



- The underlying ADL file can be edited

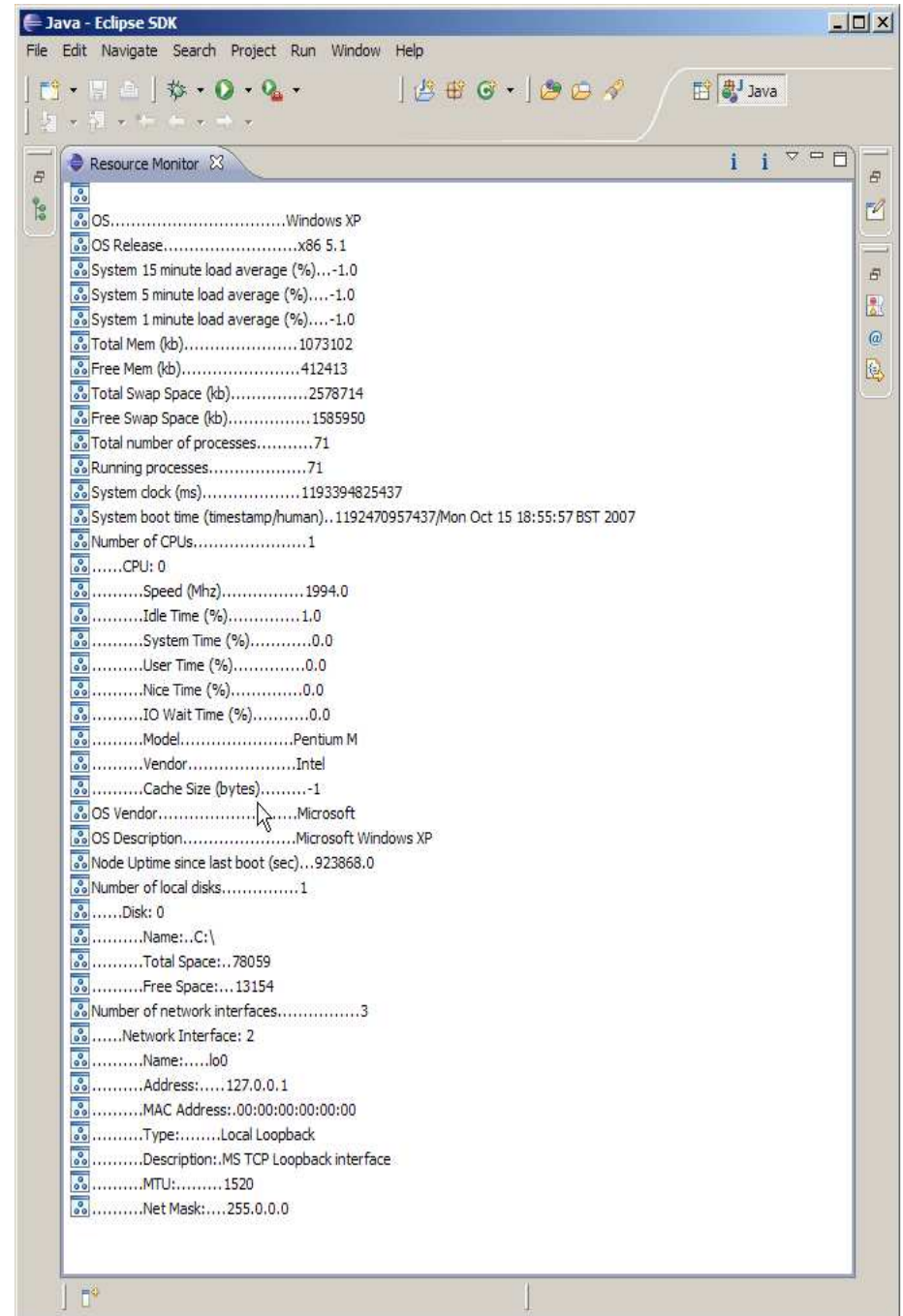


- Composite components can also be imported by selecting the composite ADL file



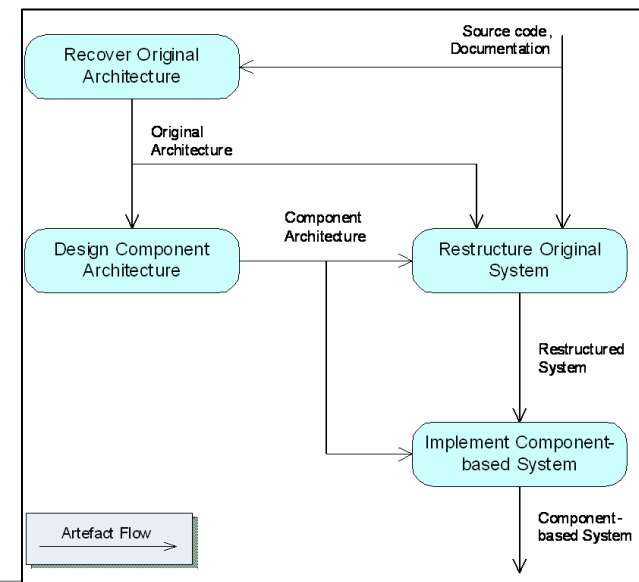
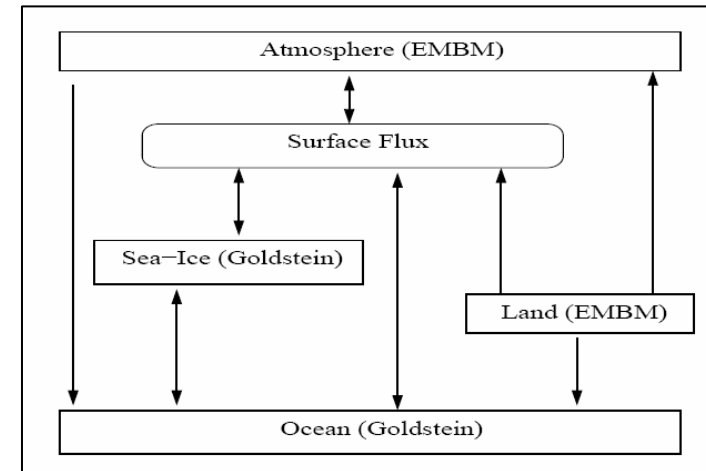
Resource Monitoring

- Enables an operator to dynamically view the underlying resources prior to deployment
- Implemented using a highly scalable, high-performance and platform independent library
- Permits remote monitoring



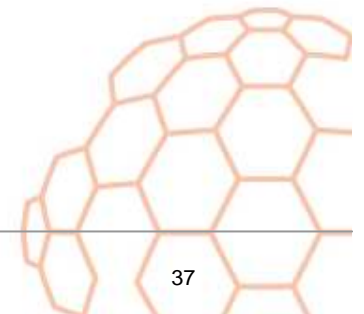
Approaches for componentising legacy code

- The current version of GIDE has no direct support for legacy code-wrapping
- Support for such componentisation and code-wrapping is essential to support legacy applications
 - Current focus is on GENIE – Grid Enabled Integrated Earth System Modelling : componentised and Grid Enabled
 - Alternative approach is to hand-tune the code to comply with the underlying model – JEM3D
- Future version of the GIDE may support GCM-compliant code wrapping



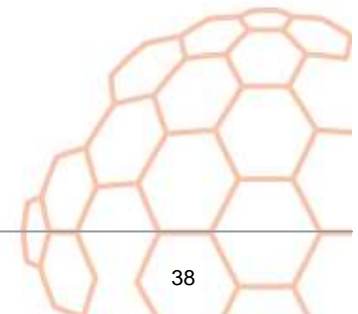
Some Future Goals

- Utilise the Eclipse GMF approach for providing highly interactive development IDE
- Support and different interface types
- Improved support for ADL files
- Implement and Integrate component monitoring
- Optional: model verification, improved context support for managing ADL files



Conclusions

- Implemented an initial version of the prototype of GIDE to support GCM
- Adopted GMF approach and re-engineered the overall design
- Integrated platform supports better resource monitoring
- Further work is needed to align with production usage



END

○ Questions

